

A FEM Study of Displacement Sensor Based on Magnetostrictive/Piezoelectric Composite Material

Qingwei Liu¹

¹SJTU

Abstract

This paper studies the application of laminate magnetolectric (ME) material in displacement sensor. We studied the L-L block composite thanks to designed structure by coupling displacement signal with the displacement potential of ME composite. A nonlinear approximation is adapted to modeling magnetostrictive phase and implemented in COMSOL Multiphysics® software. The simulation results coincide with prediction and prior experimental study. In addition, we study the influence of the pre-stress on the characteristics of the L-L block ME composite material. Upon prior research we have done on MEM displacement sensor, this study will help to push the application of ME material further.

Reference

- 1 Manfred Fiebig, 'Revival of the Magnetolectric Effect', *Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics*, 38 (2005), R123.
- 2 GT Rado, et. al., 'Observation of the Magnetically Induced Magnetolectric Effect and Evidence for Antiferromagnetic Domains', *Physical Review Letters*, 7 (1961), 310.
- 3 J Van den Boomgaard, et. al., 'An in Situ Grown Eutectic Magnetolectric Composite Material', *Journal of Materials Science*, 9 (1974), 1705-09.
- 4 J Van den Boomgaard, et. al., 'Magnetolectricity in Piezoelectric-Magnetostrictive Composites', *Ferroelectrics*, 10 (1976), 295-98.
- 5 R. E. Newnham, et. al., 'Magnetoferroelectricity in Cr₂BeO₄', *Journal of Applied Physics*, 49 (1978), 6088.
- 6 J Van Suchtelen, 'Product Properties: A New Application of Composite Materials', *Philips Res. Rep*, 27 (1972), 28-37.
- 7 Ce-Wen Nan, et. al., 'Multiferroic Magnetolectric Composites: Historical Perspective, Status, and Future Directions', *Journal of Applied Physics*, 103 (2008), 031101-01-35.