

Highly Sensitive Grating-Coupled Bloch Surface Wave Resonance Bio-sensors via Azimuthal Interrogation

Introduction: Bloch surface waves (BSWs) are electromagnetic excitation modes that exist at the interface of truncated dielectric multilayer structures and a homogeneous medium. They can be excited either by prism coupling or grating coupling.

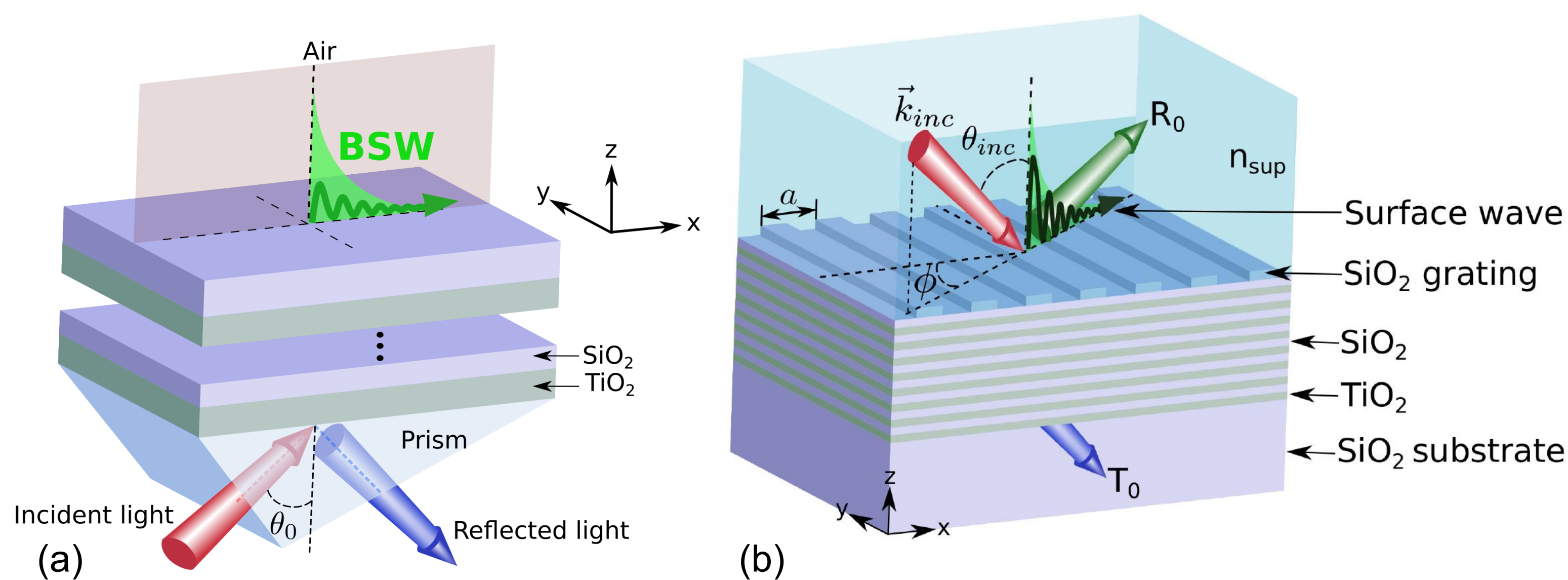


Figure 1. Schematic of Bloch surface wave excitation.
(a) Prism-coupling (b) Grating coupling

Advantages of grating coupling:

1. Does not require a bulky prism.
2. Enables azimuthal interrogation.

Computational Methods: The RF module solves the Maxwell's vector wave equation

$$\nabla \times \mu_r^{-1} (\nabla \times \vec{E}) - k_0^2 \left(\epsilon_r - \frac{j\sigma}{\omega\epsilon_0} \right) \vec{E} = \vec{0}.$$

For $\mu_r = 1$, $\epsilon_r = n^2$, and $\sigma = 0$, it reduces to

$$\nabla \times (\nabla \times \vec{E}) - k_0^2 n^2 \vec{E} = \vec{0}.$$

The incident wavevector has component magnitudes

$$\begin{aligned} k_x &= k_0 \sin(\theta_{inc}) \cos(\phi), \\ k_y &= k_0 \sin(\theta_{inc}) \sin(\phi), \\ k_z &= k_0 \cos(\theta_{inc}). \end{aligned}$$

The problem is modeled using Floquet boundary conditions on the sides of the domain and Port boundary conditions at the top and bottom.

Reflectivity Maps

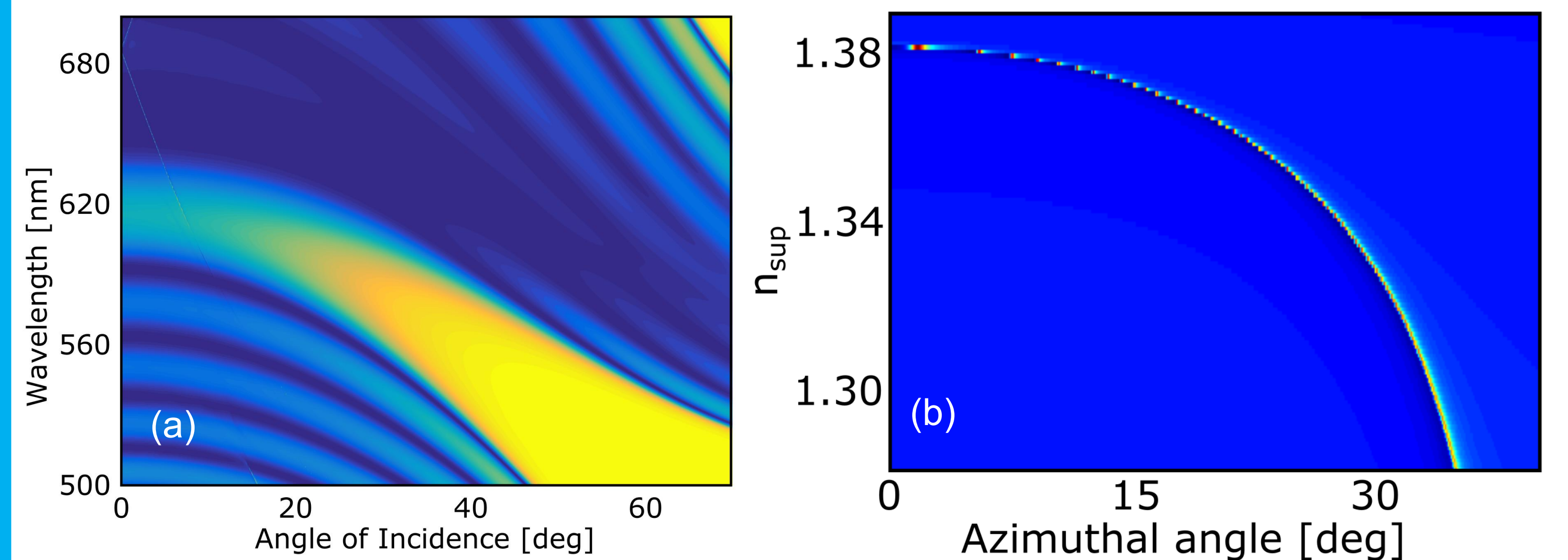


Figure 3. Reflectivity maps of a 16 layered TiO_2 - SiO_2 dielectric multilayer, with a grating profile on the surface layer.
(a) as a function of wavelength and incident angle for $\phi = 0^\circ$ (b) as a function of superstrate refractive index and azimuthal angle for $\lambda = 632.8 \text{ nm}$ and $\theta = 5.4^\circ$.

Azimuthal Interrogation

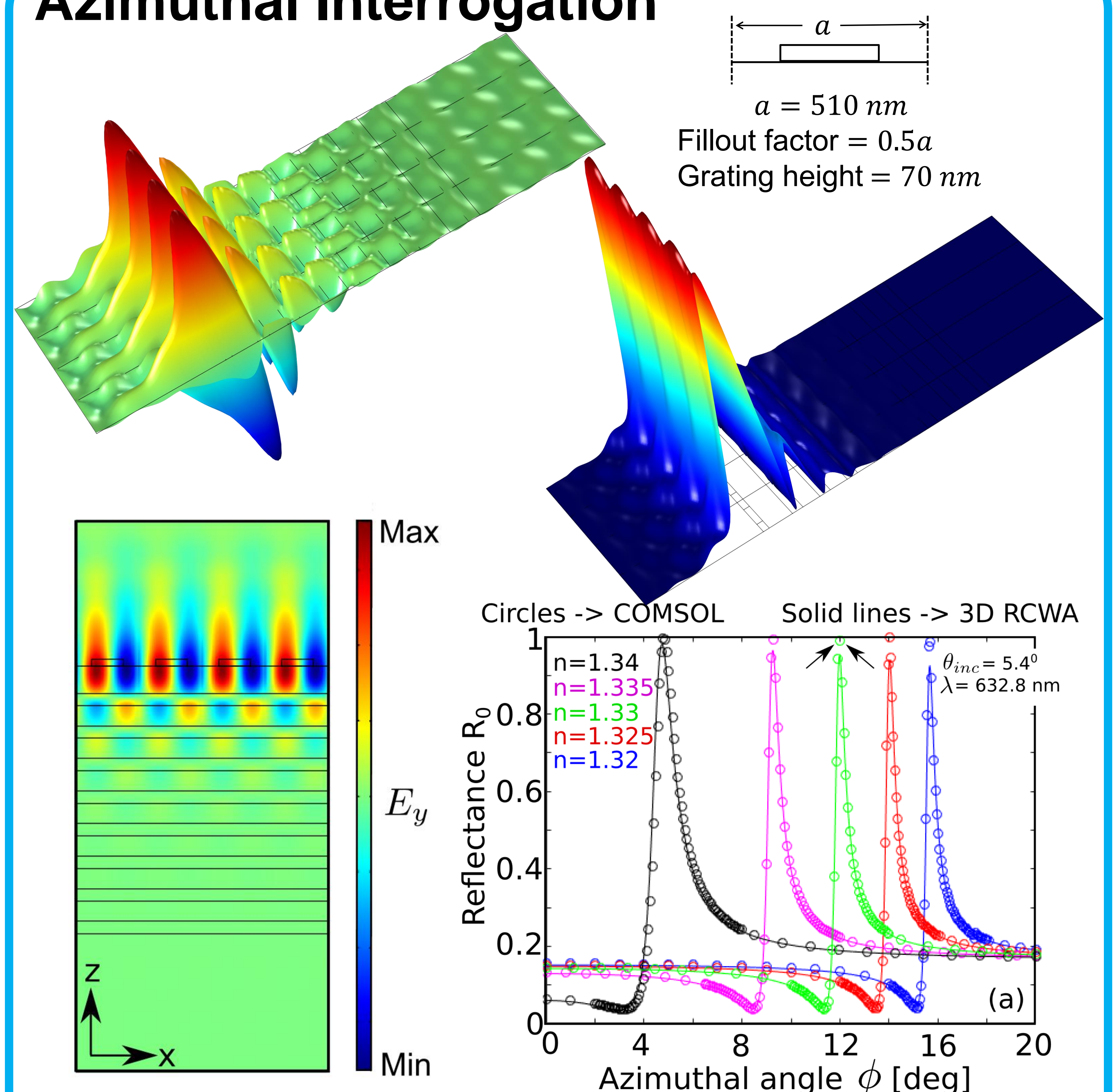


Figure 3. Grating coupled Bloch Surface wave via azimuthal interrogation. Refractive index sensitivity is enhanced compared to conventional angular interrogation.

References:

1. W. M. Robertson and M. S. May, Appl. Phys. Lett., **74**, 1800 – 1803, (1999).
2. G. Ruffato, G. Zacco and F. Romanato (2012 Dr. Ki Young Kim (Ed.), InTech, DOI: 10.5772/51044.