

Systematic Method for Producing Scattered Field Data

R. S. Ritter¹, M. Fiddy²

1. Olivet Nazarene University, Bourbonnais, IL, USA

2. University of North Carolina - Charlotte, Charlotte, NC, USA

Introduction: One of the greatest challenges in developing algorithms for imaging is the lack of suitable scattered field data from known structures. Such a method is proposed and demonstrated utilizing COMSOL to create a virtual testing environment.

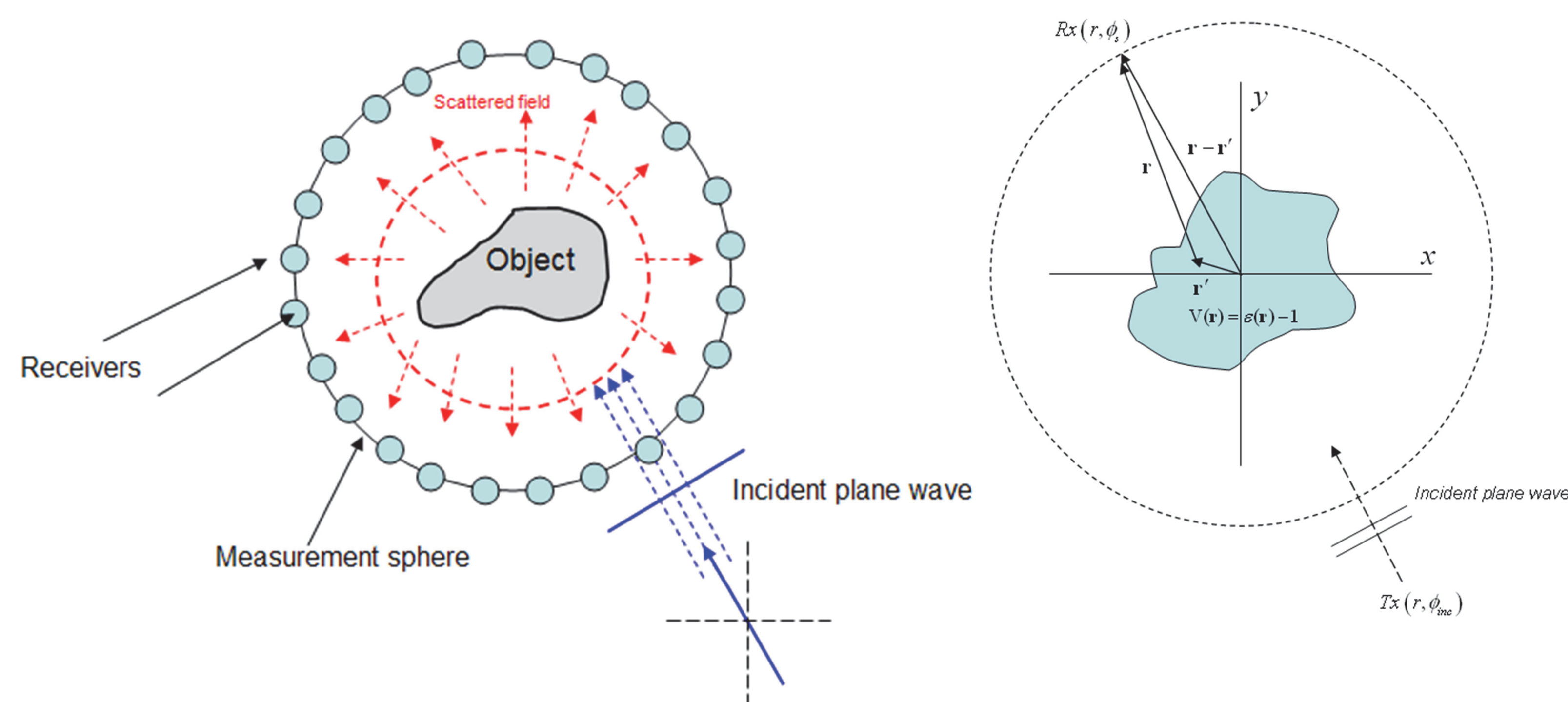


Figure 1. Experimental Setup Figure 2. Mathematical Model

Computational Methods: The finite element method in COMSOL is utilized to solve for the scattered field in this model using the following relationship [1]

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{\mu_r} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{1}{\mu_r} \frac{\partial E_z}{\partial y} \right) + k_0^2 \epsilon_r E_z = jk_0 Z_0 J_z$$

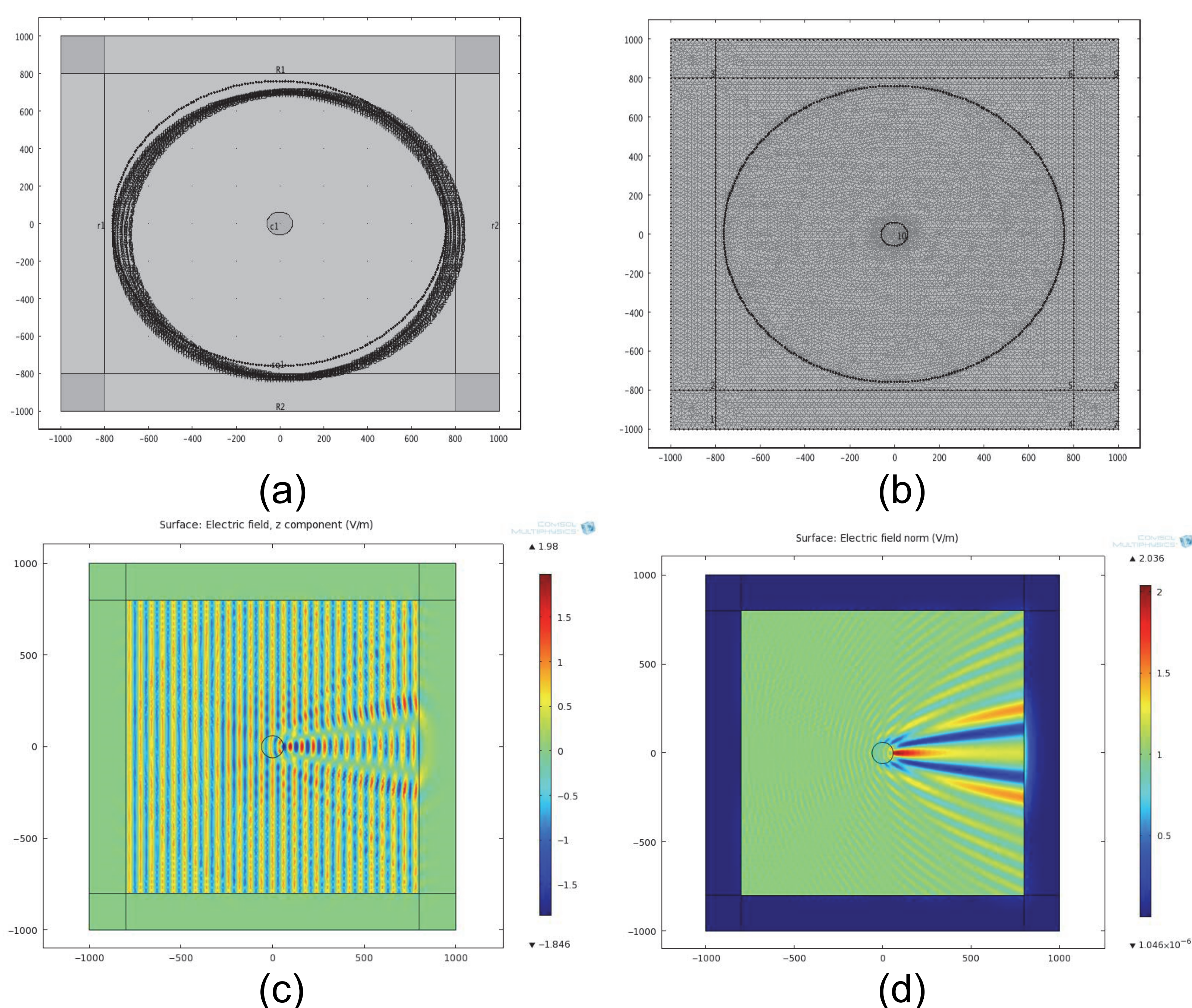


Figure 2. (a) Basic Model (b) Mesh Construction (c) Graphical Representation of E_z (d) Normalized Representation of E_z

Results: Data generated from this method were processed using imaging algorithms in [2] and the results then compared with measured data from real test [3] for comparison

	Target Setup	Simulated Data	Measured Data
FoamDieInt			
FoamDieExt			
FoamMetExt			
FoamTwinDieI			

Table 1. Simulated vs Measured Data Images for Various Targets

Conclusions: While imaging result evaluations can at times be somewhat subjective, it is evident from Table 1 that the data from this newly developed virtual testing method is consistent with the data obtained from similar real life experiments.

References:

- Jin, J, The Finite Element Method in Electromagnetics, IEEE Press, New York, 2002.
- Fiddy, M, and Ritter, R, Introduction to Imaging from Scattered Fields, CRC Press/Taylor and Francis, 2014
- Eyraud C., et al. "Laboratory controlled data for validating inversion algorithms", Institut Fresnel, UMR-CNR 6133, France.