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Nonstandard High-Voltage Electric Insulation Models

Simulation for Insulation Design

□ Standard procedure (usually AC)

1. Calculate electric field (test conditions, ...)

$$\nabla \cdot (\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \nabla \phi) = 0$$

2. Check for dielectric withstand

- Electric breakdown ($E < \text{breakdown field}$)
- Thermal runaway (electro-thermal simulation)

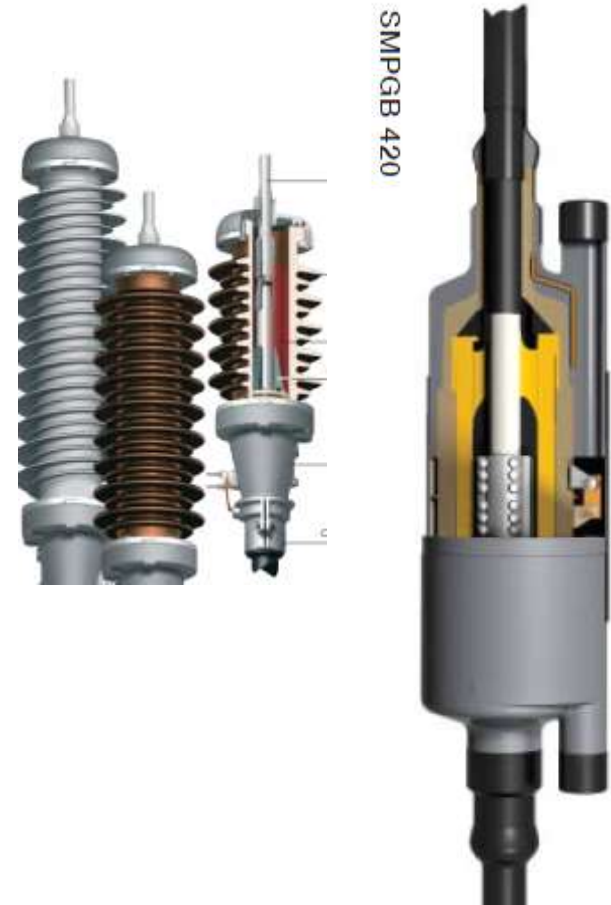
□ Nonstandard procedure for

○ **Direct Current (DC)** simulations

$$\begin{aligned} -\nabla \cdot (\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \nabla \phi) &= \rho \\ \partial_t \rho + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{j} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

○ E-Field simulation **including** electric breakdown

equation for charge carrier avalanche → sparks etc.



Simulation requirements for fundamental R&D

- Quick & Computational resource friendly
 - Parameter studies
 - Various different (test) scenarios

- Flexible with respect to physics /modeling
 - Bulk (PDEs, ODEs, ...)
 - Insulator interfaces / surfaces
 - Boundary conditions (electric contacts, ...)
 - Multi-physics

Example: Space Charge Injection in Insulators

- Insulator bulk equations (no intrinsic carriers)

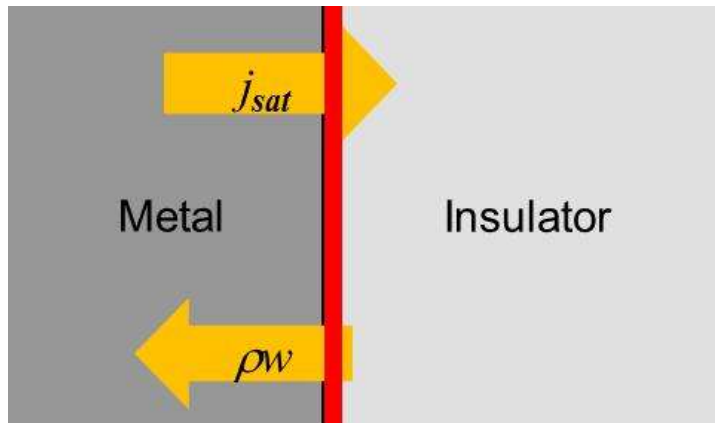
- Poisson
$$-\nabla \cdot (\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \nabla \phi) = \rho$$

- Continuity
$$\partial_t \rho + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{j} = 0$$

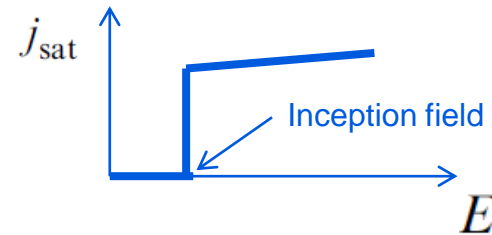
- Current density
$$\mathbf{j} = |\rho| \mu(E) \mathbf{E} - D \nabla \rho$$

→ strongly nonlinear

- Physics strongly determined by boundary condition



$$j_n = j_{sat} - w\rho$$



Example: Space Charge Injection

Comsol Model

Transport of Diluted Species (*chds*)

- Diffusion and Migration
- No Flux 1
- Initial Values 1
- Concentration 1

Flux 1

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$ Equation View

$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$ Equation View



Electrostatics (*es*)

E

- Charge Conservation 1
- Zero Charge 1
- Initial Values 1
- Space Charge Density 1
- Ground 1
- Electric Potential 1

Injection Boundary condition

Inward Flux

Flux type:

General inward flux

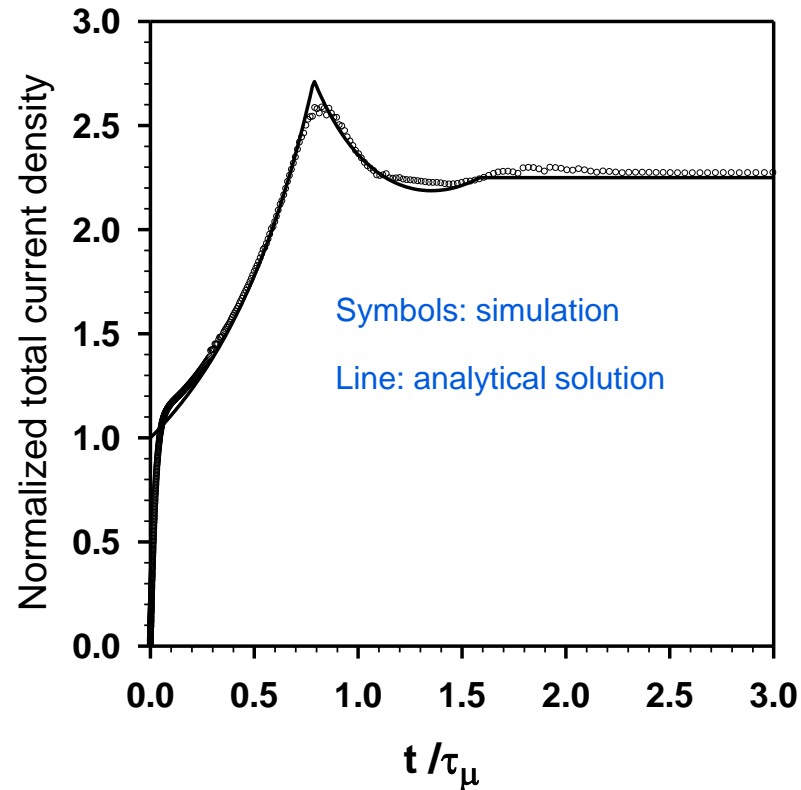
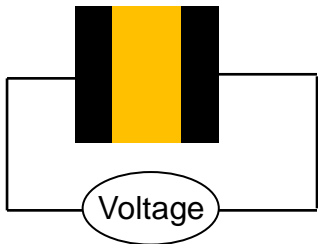
Species *c*

Inward flux:

$N_{0,c}$

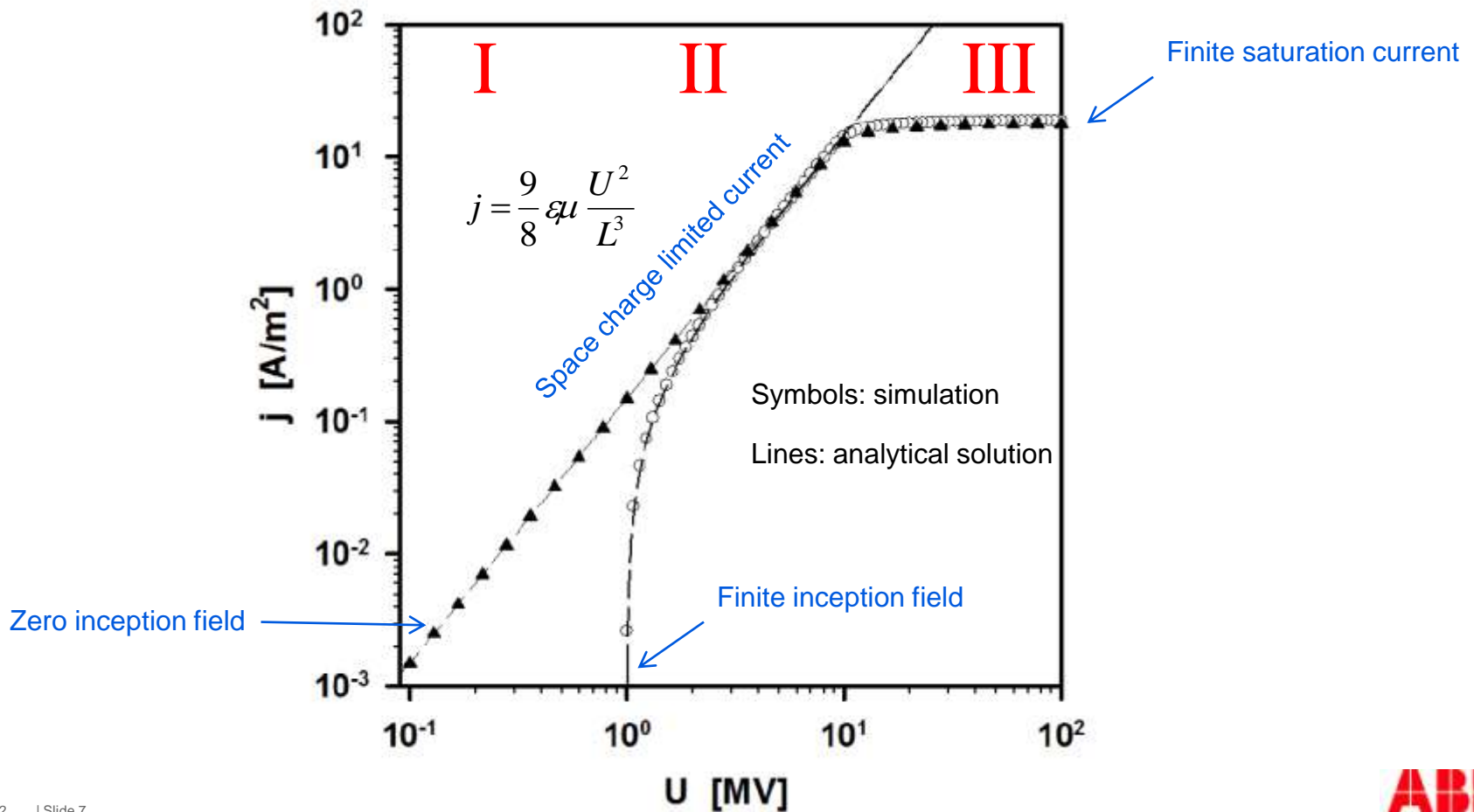
Example: Space Charge Injection

- Plate-plate geometry
- **Current-time transient** after switching on a DC voltage



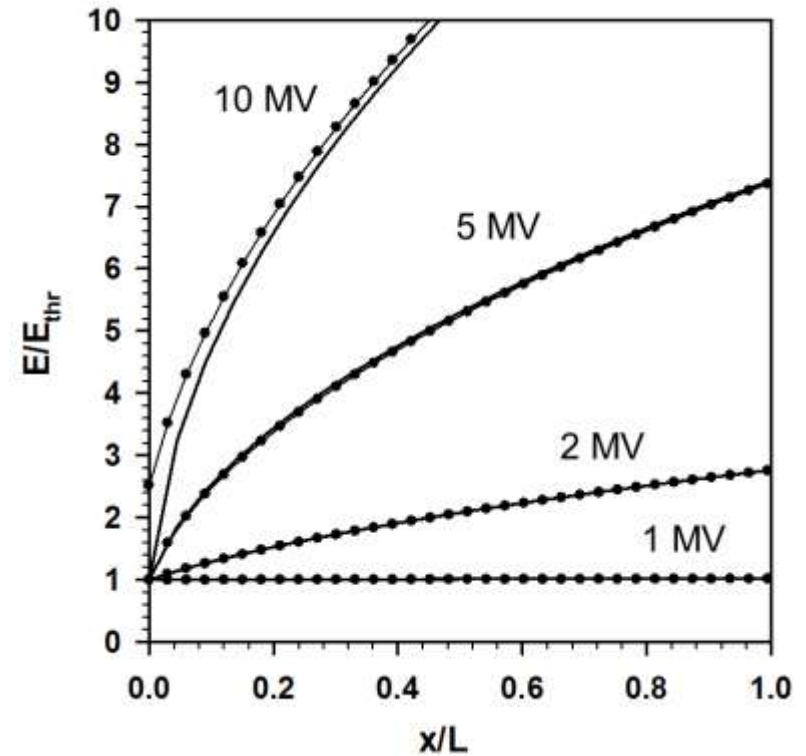
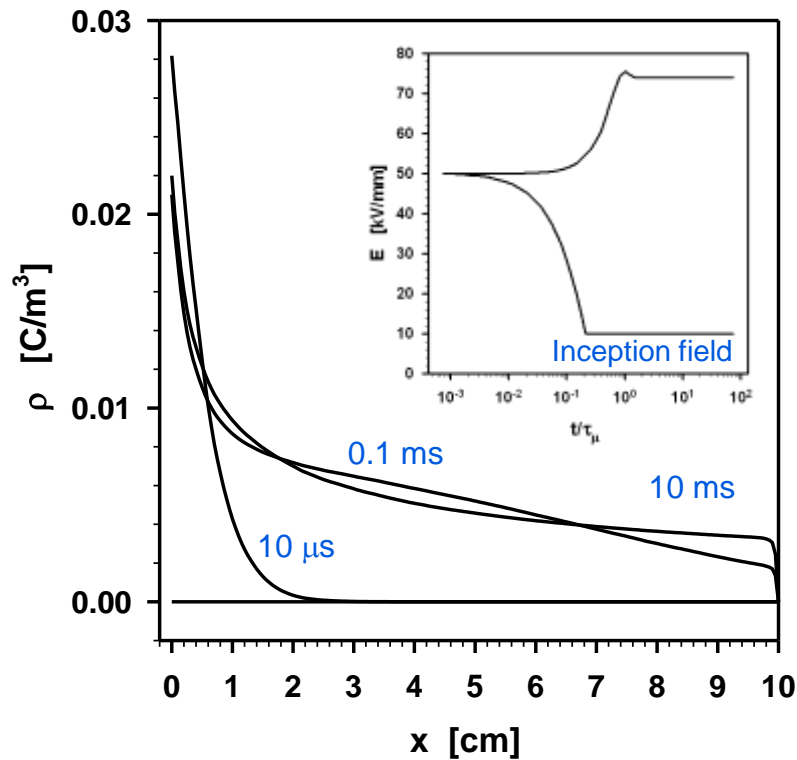
Example: Space Charge Injection

- Plate-plate geometry
- Steady-state **current-voltage characteristics**: three regions



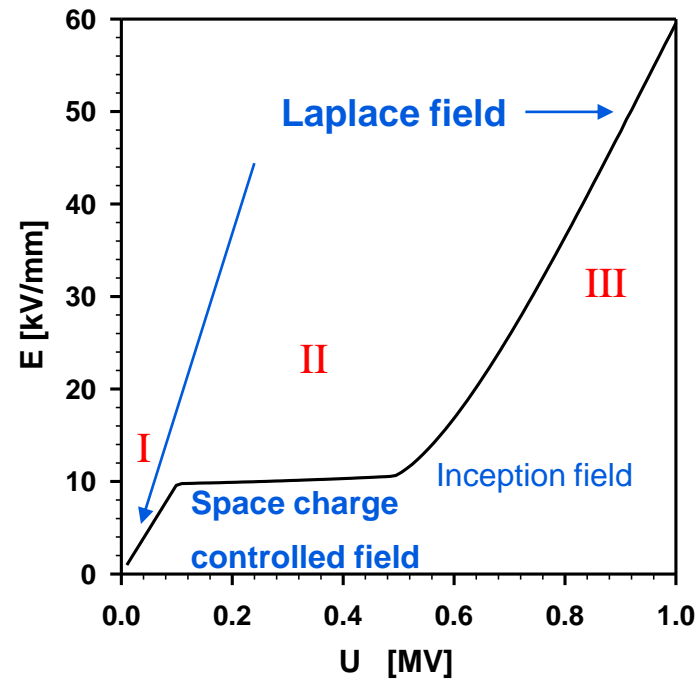
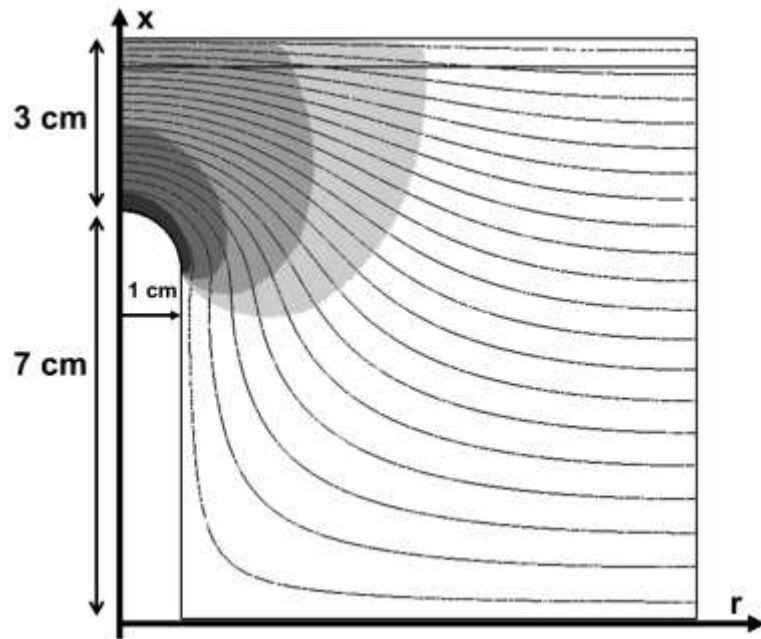
Example: Space Charge Injection

- **Non-uniform** space charge and electric field distributions



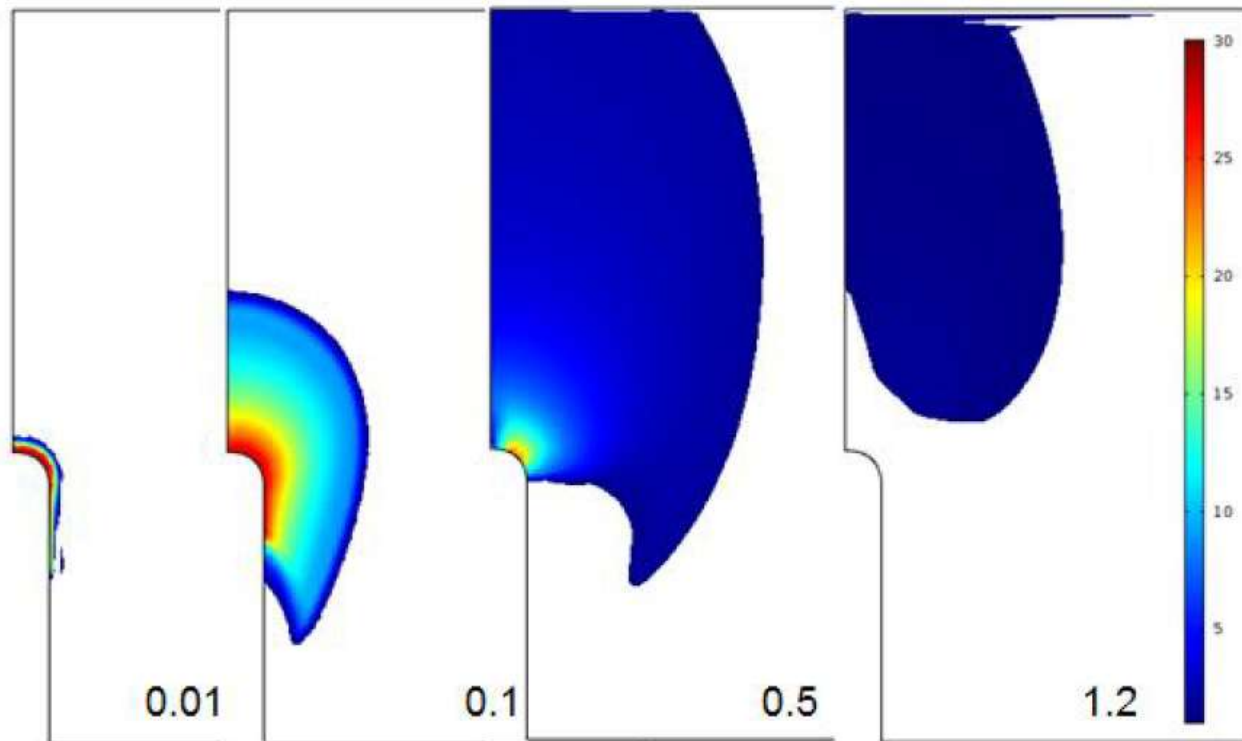
Example: Space Charge Injection

- Rod-plate geometry
- **Field limitation** of spatial field enhancements



Example: Space Charge Injection

- Voltage pulse
- Injected **space charge clouds** at different times (in units of “time of



Example: Streamer Inception

□ Inception

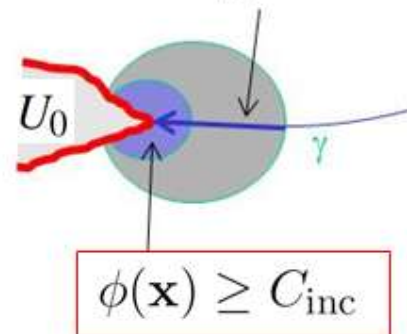
- Electron impact ionization avalanche growth if effective ionization coefficient $\alpha(E) > 0$

- Streamer inception criterion $\int_{\gamma} \alpha(\mathbf{E}) ds \geq C_{\text{inc}}$
- Model: 1st order PDE for scalar field ϕ $\frac{d\phi}{ds} = \alpha > 0$

$$-\mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla \phi = \alpha(E) \Theta(\alpha)$$

(Heaviside)

$$\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\mathbf{E}}{E}$$



- FEM simulation: Approximation with 2nd order PDE

$$D\Delta\phi - \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla\phi = \alpha(E)\Theta(\alpha)$$

- D small (singular perturbation)

- Boundary conditions

- Streamer inception electrodes
- Counter electrodes

$$\mathbf{n} \cdot \nabla\phi = -\alpha \Theta(\alpha)$$

$$\phi = 0$$

Example: Streamer Inception

□ Inception

Main Idea

Reduce the integral along field-lines of a vector field to a first order PDE

□ FEM simulation: Approximation with 2nd order PDE

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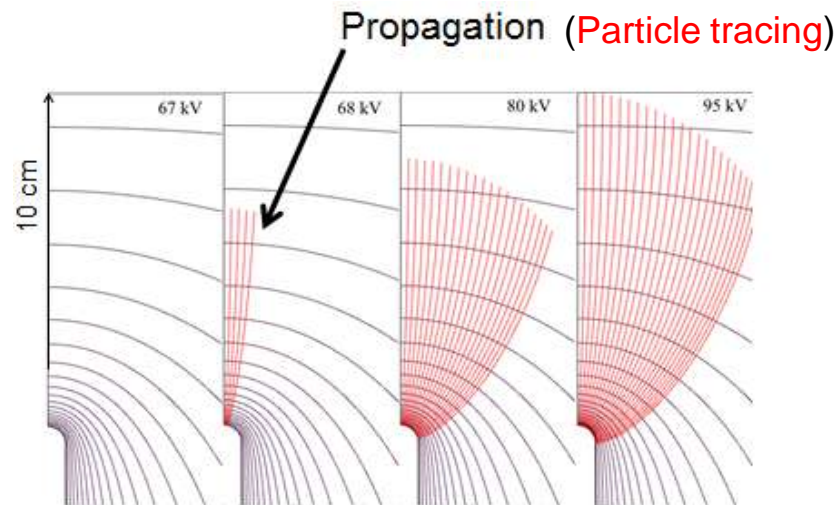
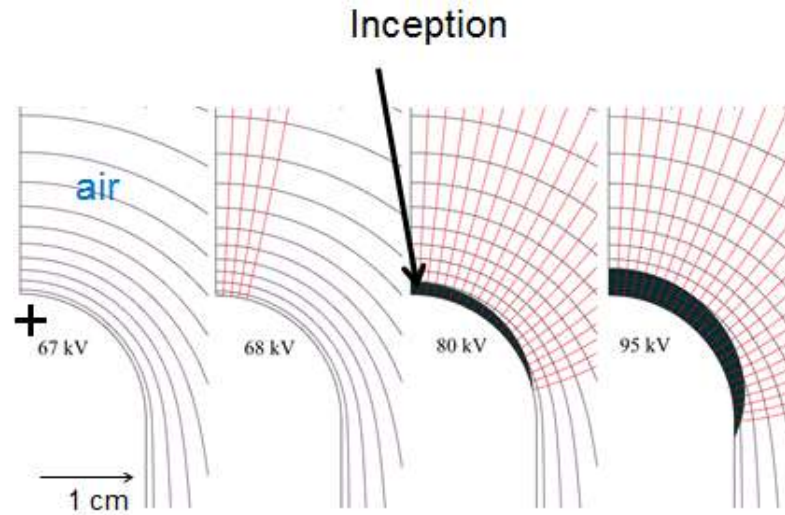
$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{n} \cdot \nabla\phi &= -\alpha \Theta(\alpha) \\ \phi &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Example: Streamer Inception and Propagation

□ Plug-plate

□ Simulation Procedure:

1. E-Field
2. ϕ -Field
3. Particle Tracing



Conclusion

Modeling flexibility of a simulation tool is crucial for basic R&D

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