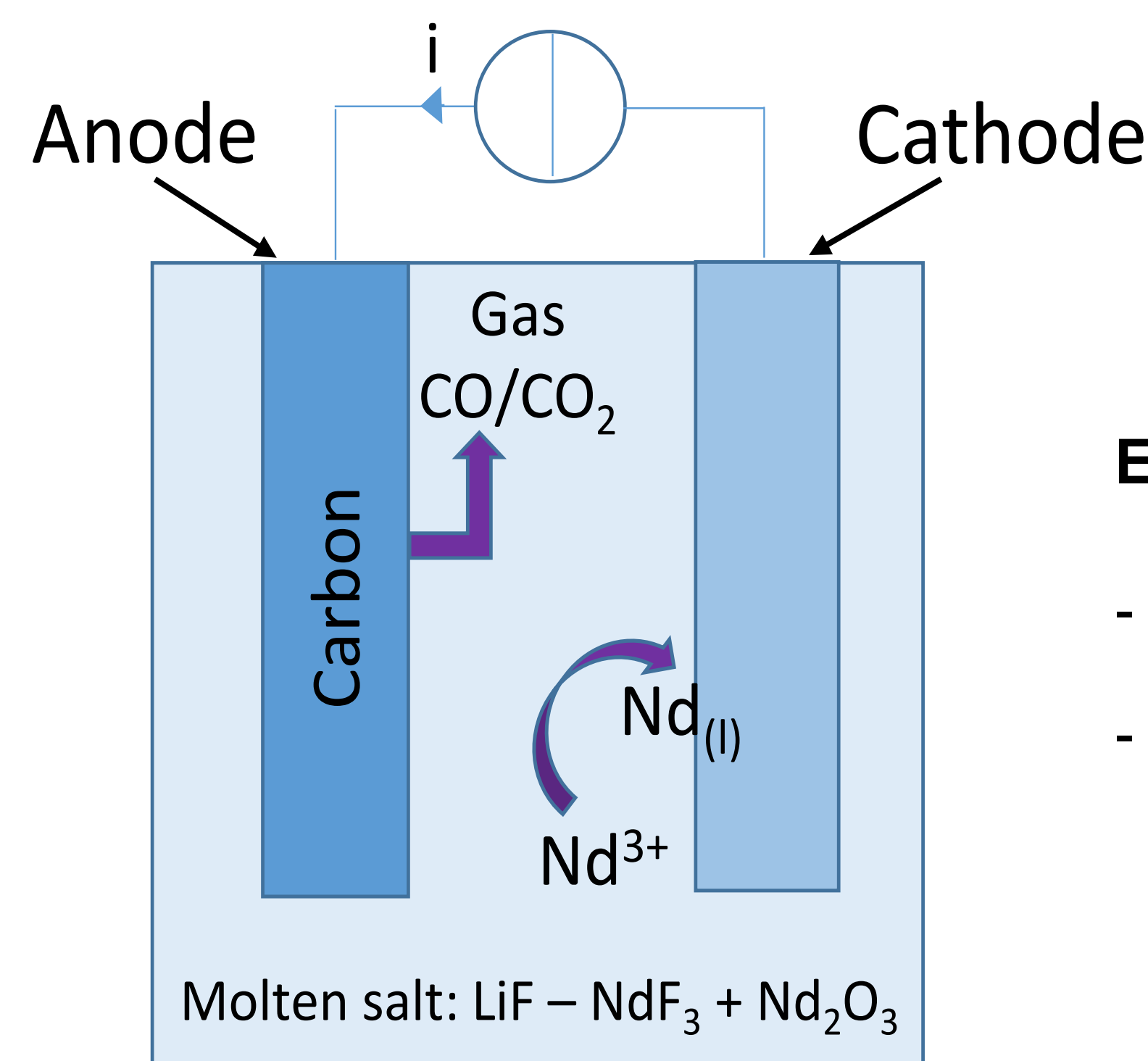


Introduction:

- ✓ High-temperature electrolysis in molten salt: electro-refining process for the recovery of metals such as rare earths.
- ✓ Current applied between cathode and anode → metal deposited as a solid or a liquid at the cathode + gas (CO/CO₂) evolving at the carbon-based anode.

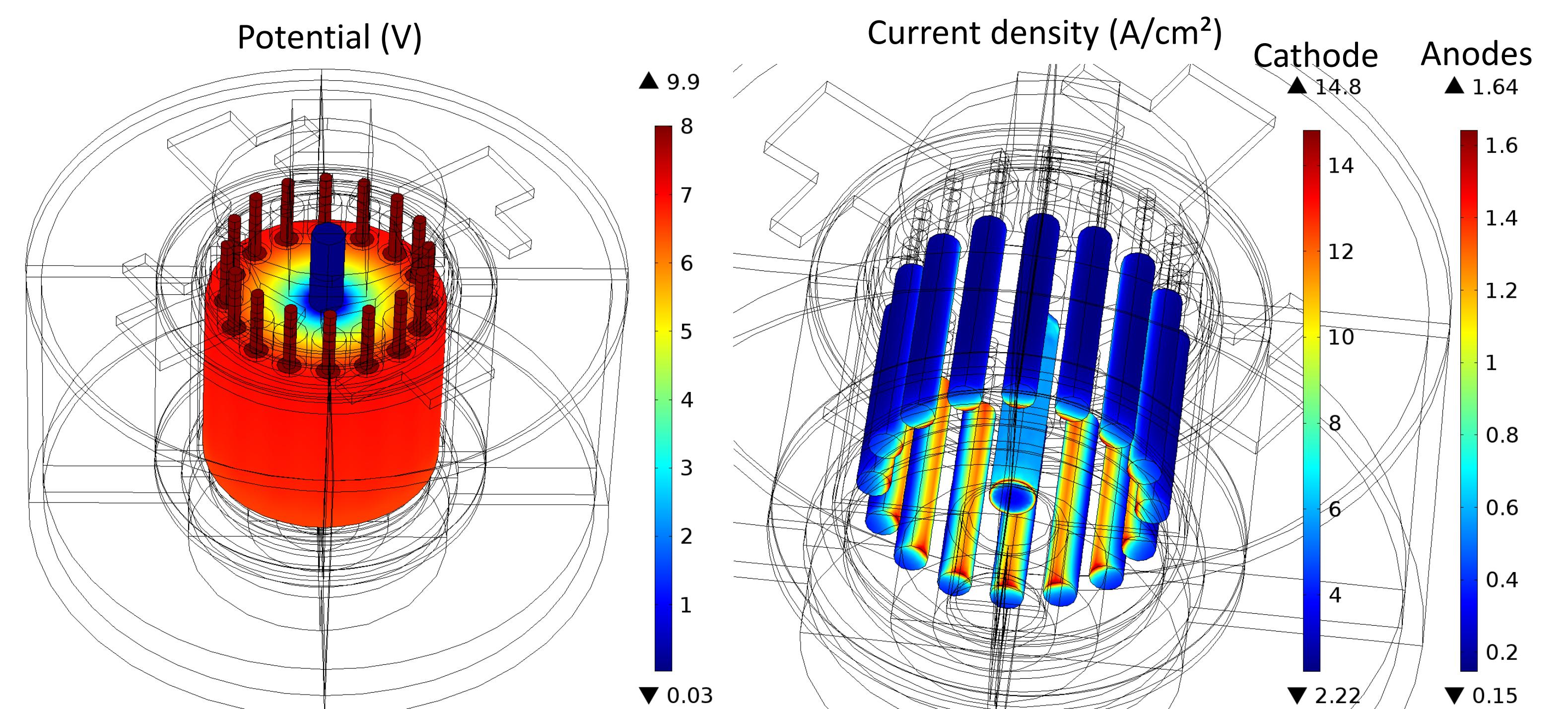


Electrode reactions:

- Cathode: $\text{Nd}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Nd}_{(l)}$
- Anode: $\text{C} + \text{O}^{2-} \rightarrow \text{CO} + 2\text{e}^-$
 $\text{C} + 2\text{O}^{2-} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + 4\text{e}^-$

Results:

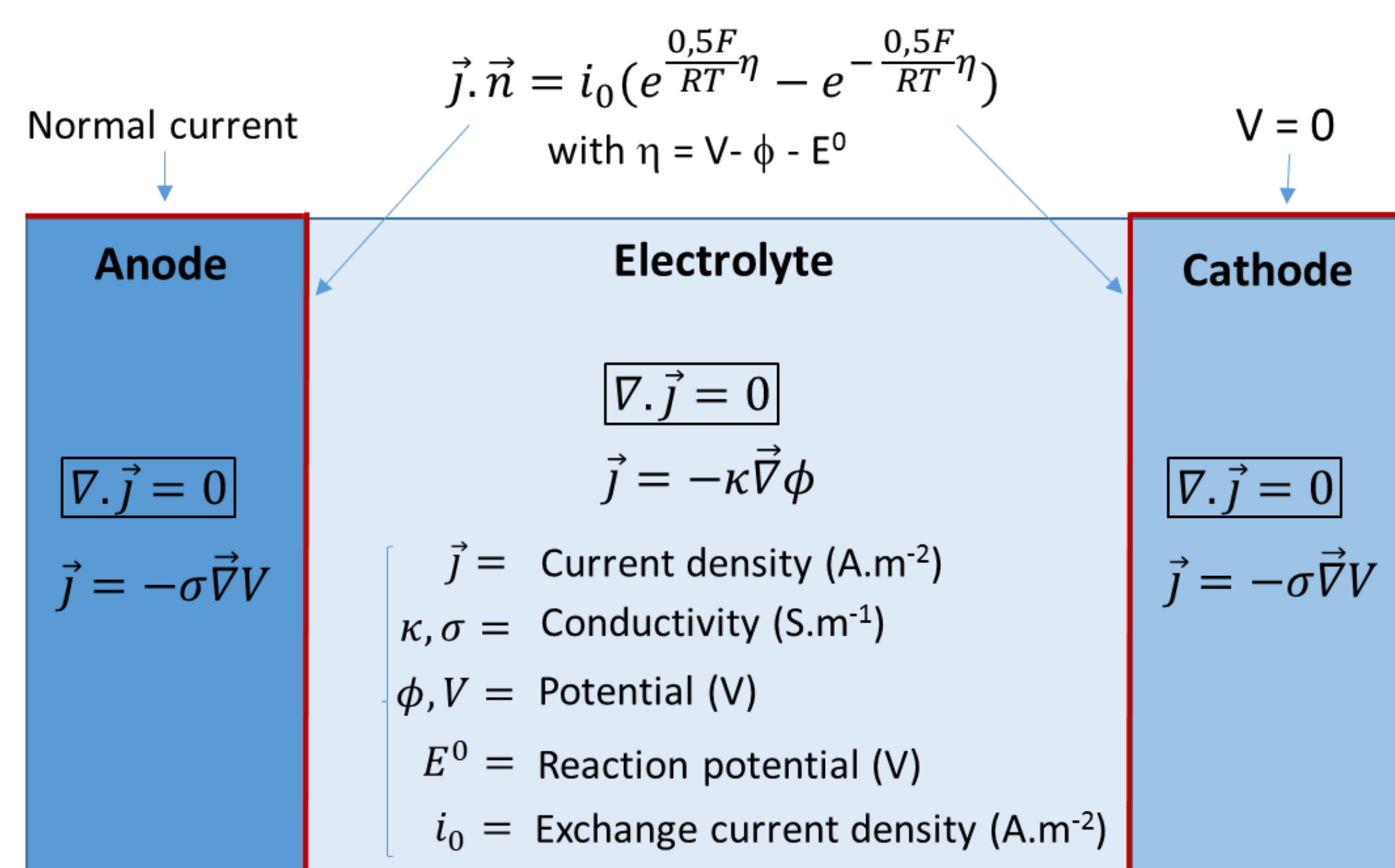
• Electrical model:



- ✓ Calculation of potential and current distributions within the cell
- ✓ Anodes mostly active on the faces regarding the central cathode
- ✓ Strong edge effect expected at the cathode
- ✓ Can be used for assessing the partial current associated with undesirable gas evolution (e.g. fluorinated gas)

Computational Methods:

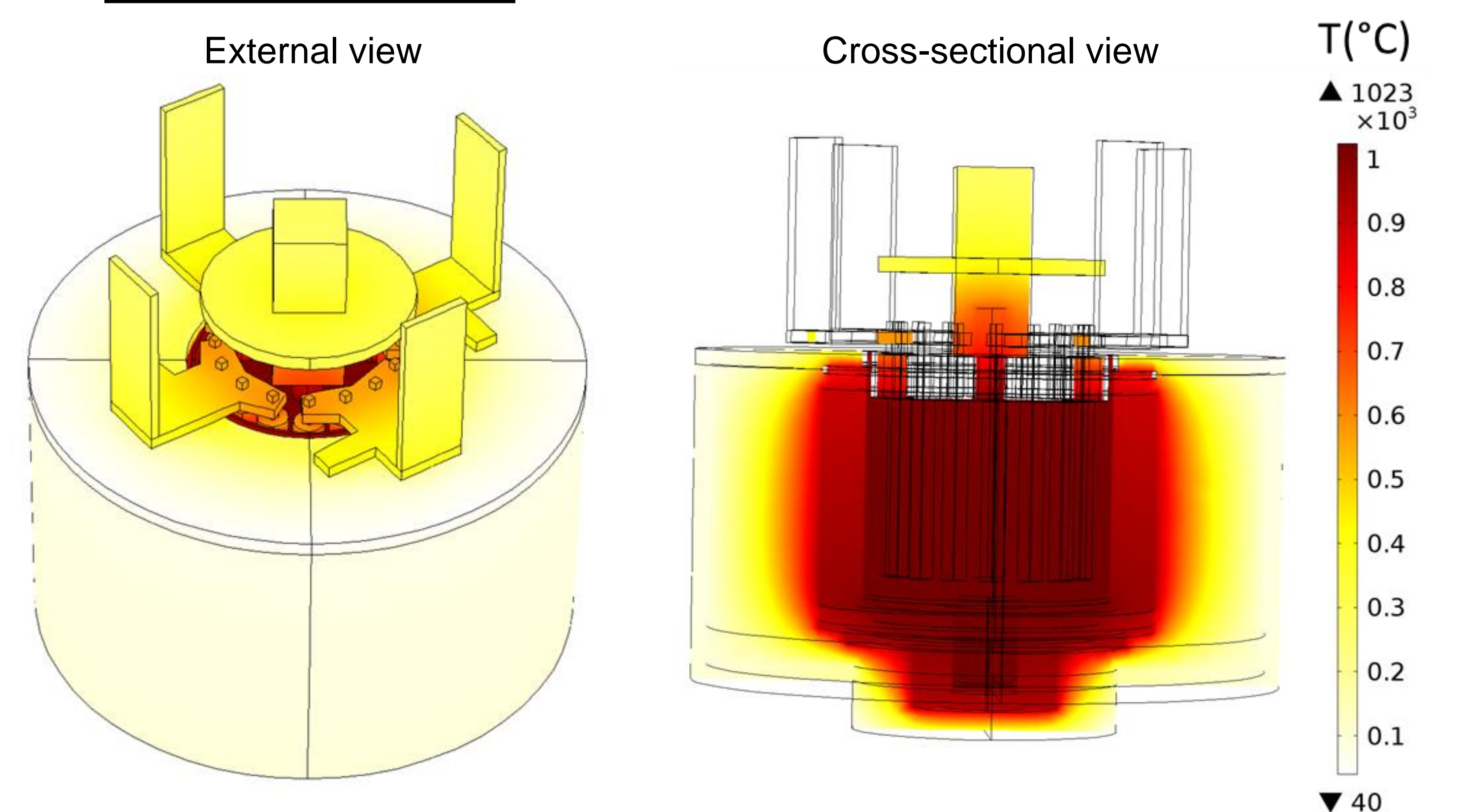
• Electrical model: secondary current distribution



• Thermal model: conduction-radiation model

- ✓ **Heat sources:** Joule effect, reaction overpotentials, enthalpy of reactions
- ✓ Convective transport in the electrolyte → treated with an equivalent conductivity $k_{eq} > k_{real}$

• Thermal model:



- ✓ Calculation of the temperature distribution throughout the cell
- ✓ Heat losses: 75% by convection with surrounding air + 25 % by radiation

Conclusions:

- ✓ Simple electrical and thermal description of a complex multiphysics process.
- ✓ Models to be used for: optimizing of the cell design, selecting the best current/voltage specifications, controlling the operating temperature of the process.

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