

Electrochemical Study of Potential Materials for CI Electrode Array Smart Cochlear Implants. (Smac *it*)

N. S. Lawand, V. Lopez and P. J. French

Email: n.s.lawand@tudelft.nl, p.j.french@tudelft.nl

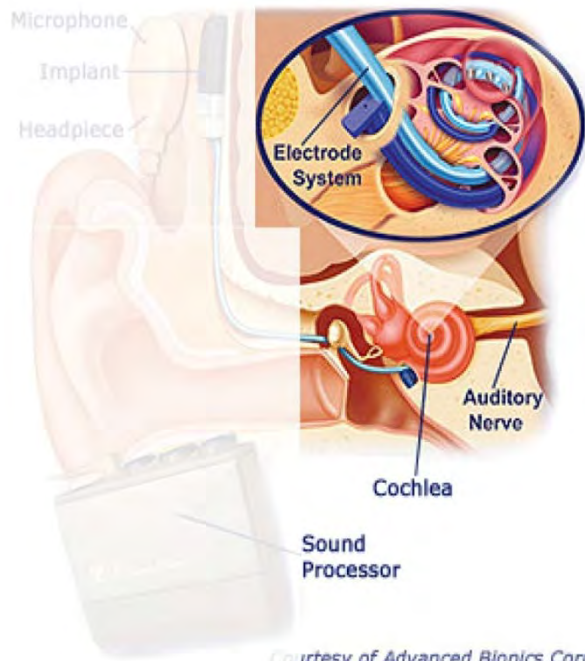


Overview.

1. SMAC-it project.
2. Main highlights under microelectrode array development.
3. bi-phasic stimulator.
4. Electrochemical Study and experimental setup.
5. COMSOL study.

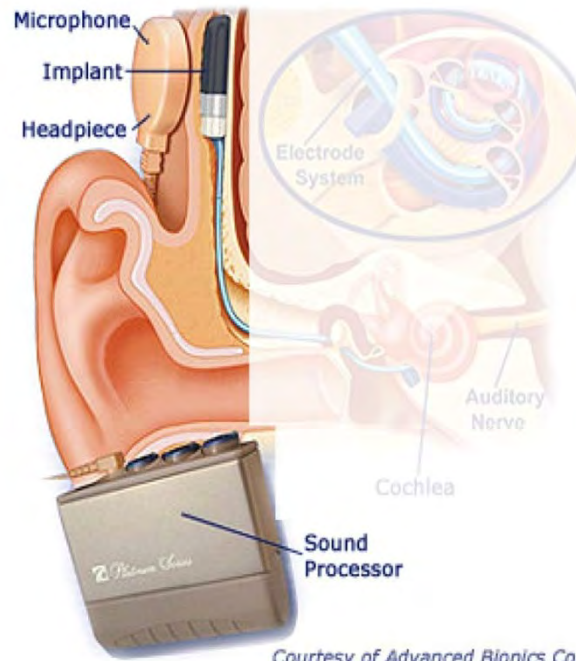
Framework of Smac *it* project.

Electrode design, fabrication
& biological interface



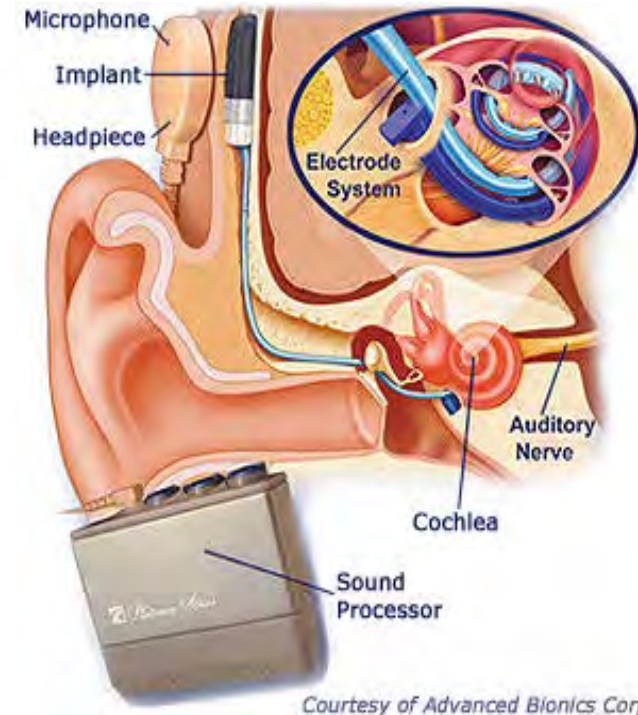
Courtesy of Advanced Bionics Corp.

Low power read out
electronics & integration



Courtesy of Advanced Bionics Corp.

Complete System
level Optimizations



Courtesy of Advanced Bionics Corp.

Nishant Lawand

Supervisors : Prof. Dr. P J. French
Prof. Dr. ir. J H M. Frijns
Dr. J. J. Briaire

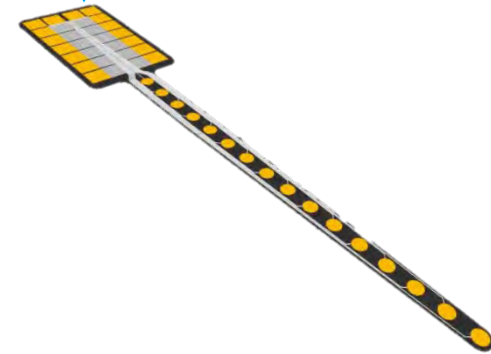
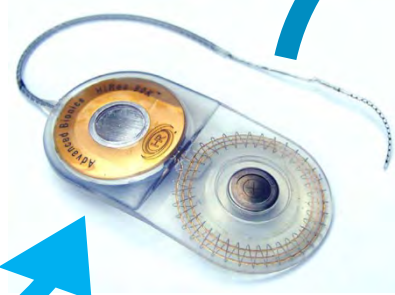
Wannaya Ngamkham

Supervisor : Dr. ir. W A. Serdijn

Ghazaleh Nazarian

Supervisor: Dr. G N. Gaydadjiev

Electrode array Development.



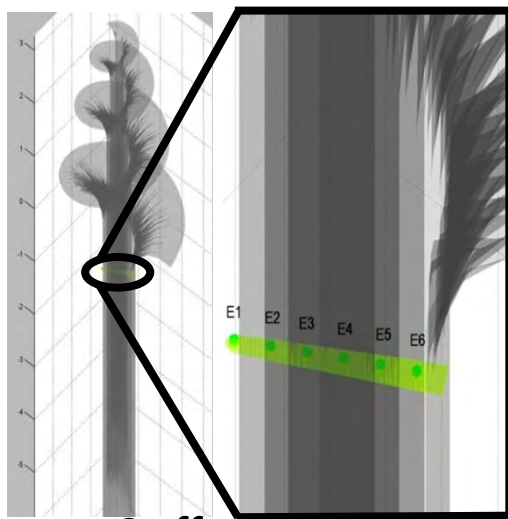
Nishant S. Lawand, P. J. French, J. H. M. Frijns
and J. J. Briaire

Electronic Instrumentation Laboratory (EI Lab), Department of ORL-HNS
Delft University of Technology
and Leiden University Medical Center

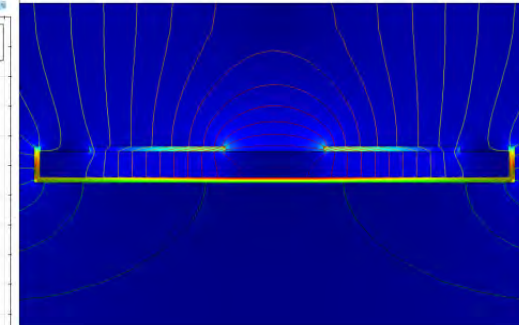
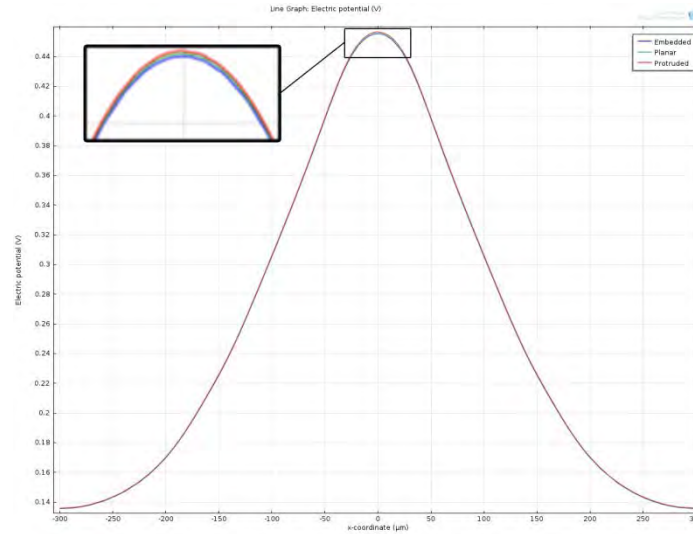


Challenge the future

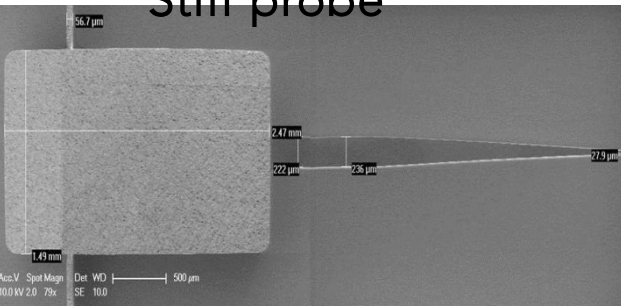
Main highlights under MEA work.



Stiff probe

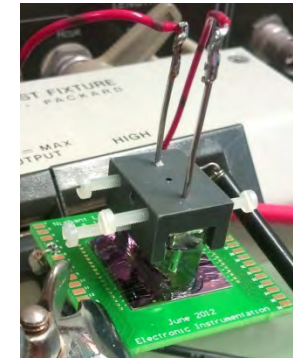
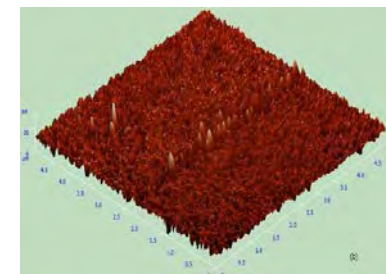
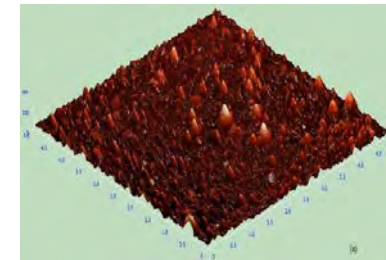
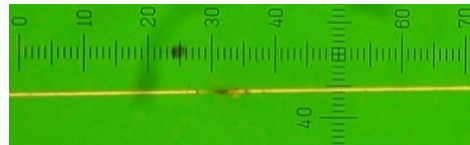


COMSOL simulations to study the current density distribution.

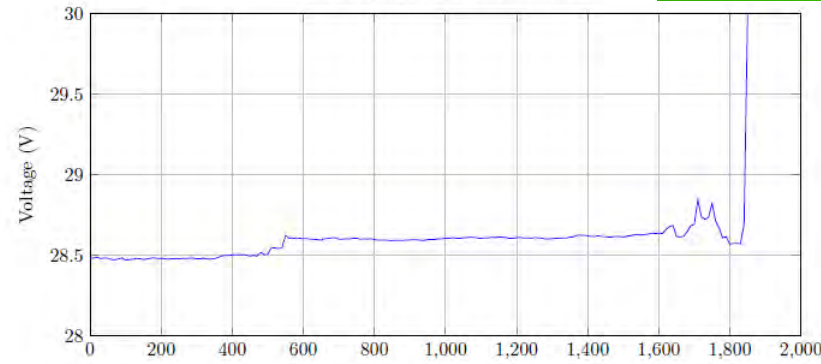


Electromigration of Aluminium

Titanium Nitride material investigation.



Sputtered TiN better than flat Pt surface.



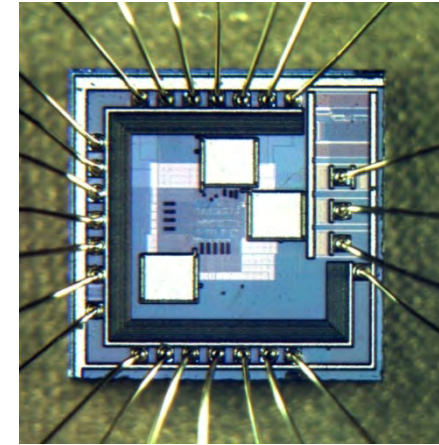
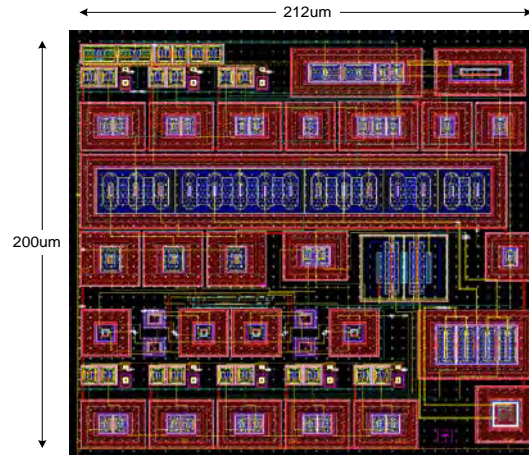
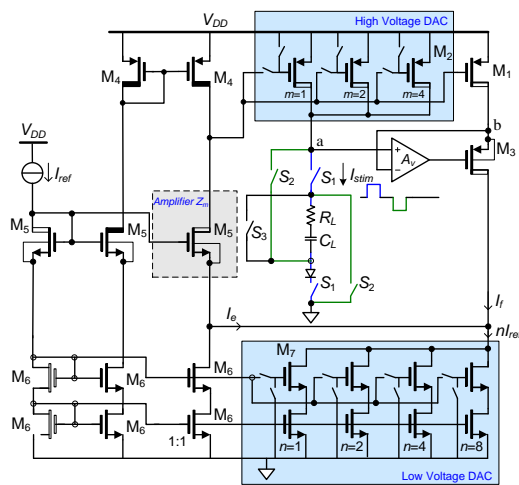
Last 30 minutes of 3,5 days



Challenge the future

A programmable bi-phasic stimulator for cochlear implants

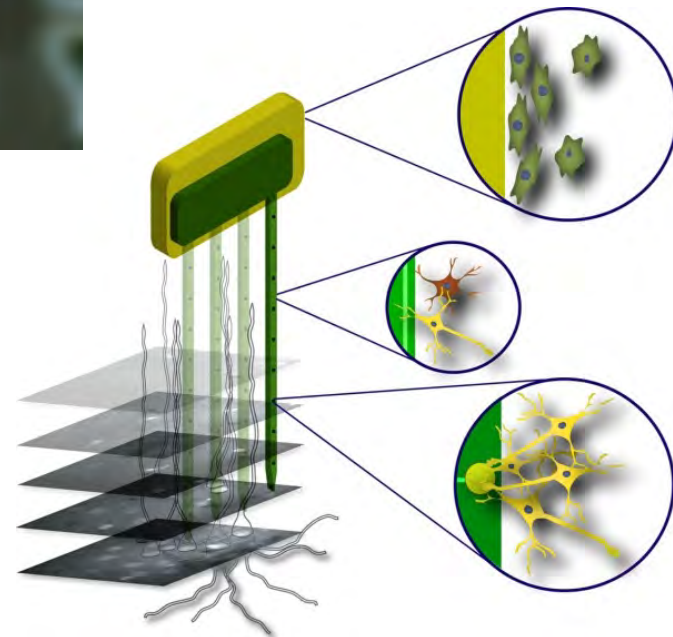
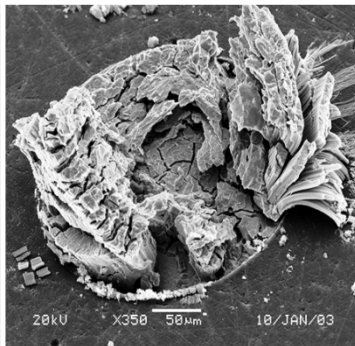
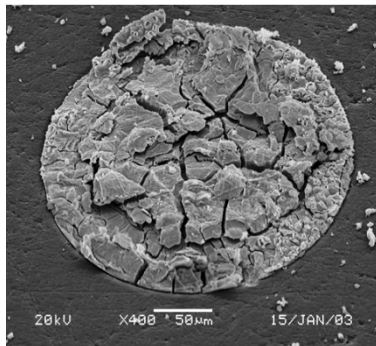
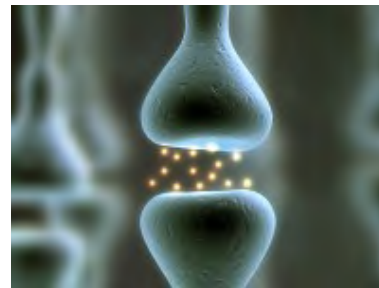
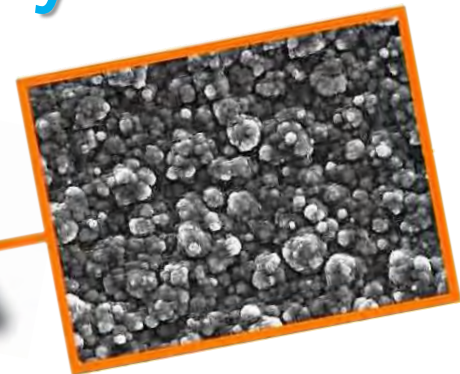
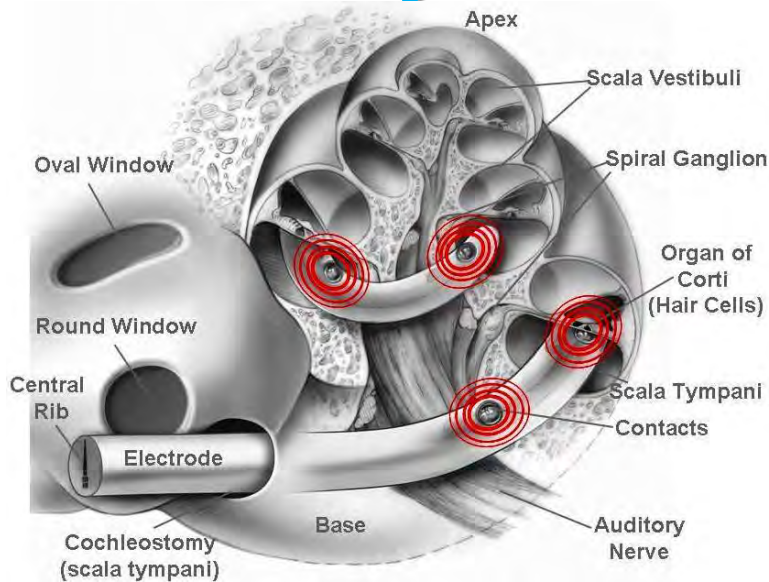
- 0.18 μm AMS High-voltage process



- 7 bit resolution with 10 μA each step
- Current range : 10 μA – 1.05mA
- Range of electrode- tissue impedances,
 $R_L=1\text{k}\Omega\sim 10\text{k}\Omega$, $C_L=1\text{nF}\sim 10\text{nF}$.
- Chip area: 0.04mm²
- Stimulation current different : 0.6 μA
- Residual voltage: < 19 mV

Courtesy: Wannaya Ngamkham (Member of the SMAC-it project).

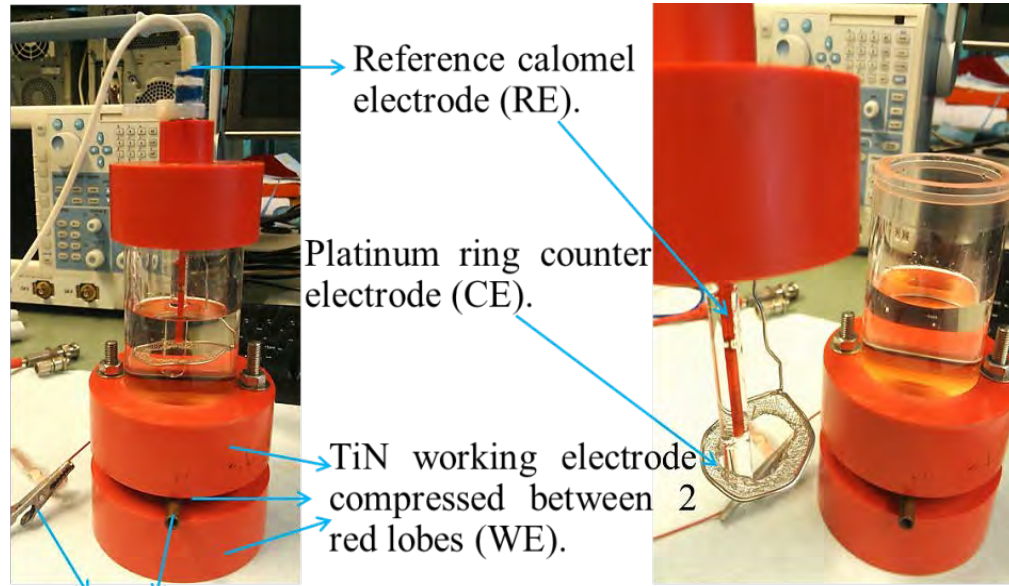
Why Electrochemical Study?



Platinum Oxide surface layer expansion and cracks [1]

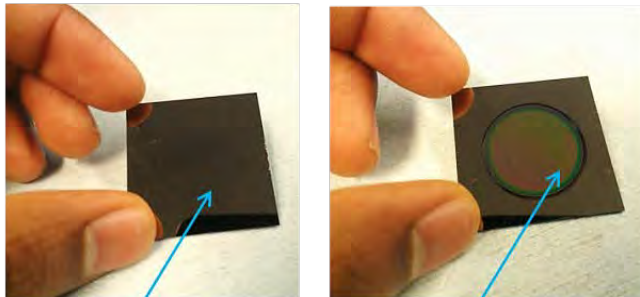
[1] D. Zhou, A. Chu, A. Agazaryan, Proceedings of the 207th Meeting of the Electrochemical Society, Canada, 2005, p. 275.

3 electrode electrochemical cell.



Connection for the working electrode.

Electrochemical Cell images showing different parts.

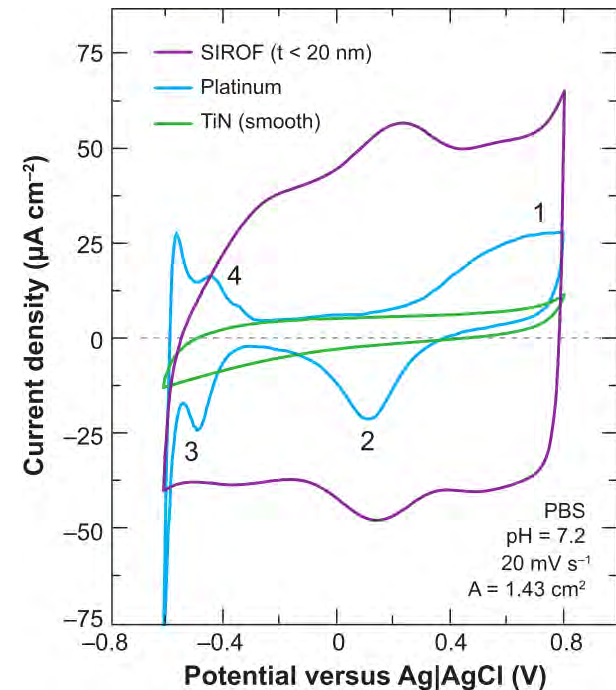


Specimen before test. Specimen after test.

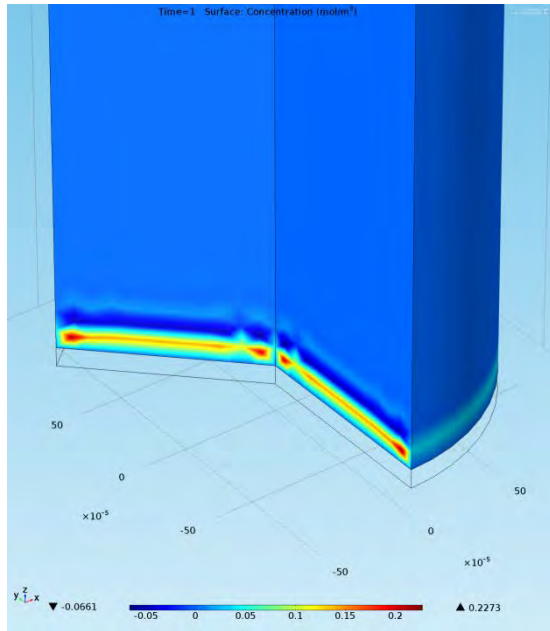
TiN+SiC+PI specimen tested for operating window potential.

Characterization tests:

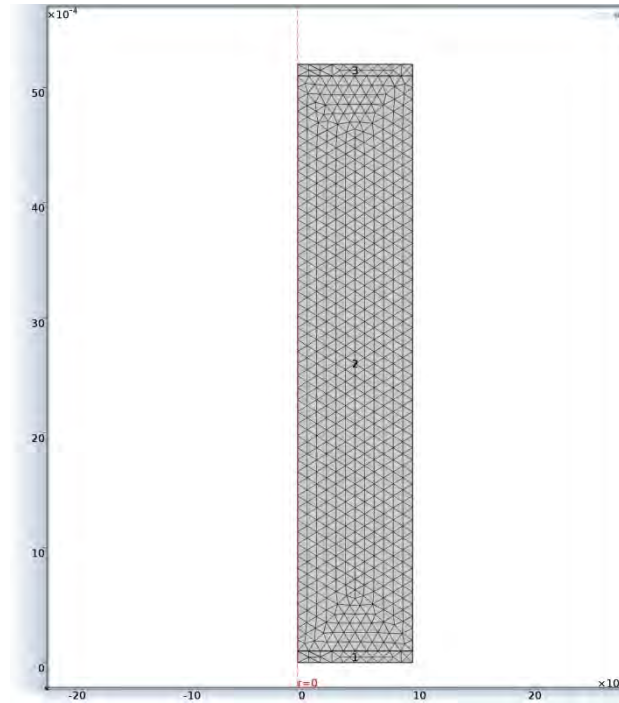
- Cyclic Voltammetry.
- Electrochemical Impedance spectroscopy (EIS).
- Current pulse test.
- Long term stability test.



Electrochemical study using COMSOL 4.3b.



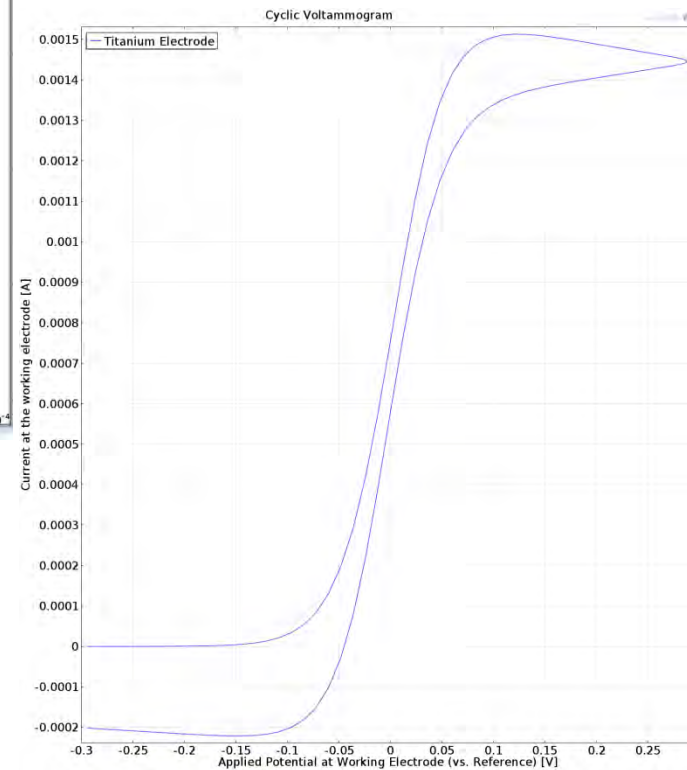
Electrode (Titanium)-
Electrolyte interface.



Standard Meshing.

2D Axis symmetric
model.

Cyclic Voltammogram.



Thank you.



A common platform to all the players involved in the *Smac it*



COMSOL
CONFERENCE
ROTTERDAM2013



Delft
University of
Technology

Challenge the future